



Information regarding Schrems II

Atea values data privacy and being a trustworthy supplier, we are committed to keep your data secure. In a recent decision, the European Court of Justice ruled in Case C-311/18 (the “Schrems II case”) that the EU-US Privacy Shield Agreement does not provide adequate protection for personal data when transferred to the US. The invalidation of the Privacy Shield means that personal data controllers within the EU, are no longer allowed to transfer personal data to recipients in the United States based on the Privacy Shield.

Because the court’s judgement had immediate effect, customers have asked how this decision impacts Atea, including our actions taken to ensure that the transfers of data are valid.

Atea is re-evaluating our current IT strategy and information management architecture with the goal to minimize personal data in systems where Atea is the Controller. The new IT strategy will make use of hybrid technology in combination with anonymization and pseudonymization technics reduce the risks for handling personal data of our customers.

Atea reviewed the legal mechanisms we use for third-country transfers in our agreements to align with Schrems II court decision. This means that we have performed risk assessments for each U.S.- based vendor and sub-processor for required level of protection and use of Standard Contractual Clauses to comply with Chapter V of the General Data Protection Regulation on the transfer of personal data to third countries.

Atea will also enable our technical security descriptions for services in scope for our transparency to our customers. These descriptions can be obtained for customers after signing an Atea NDA.